## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claim 1 (currently amended): A compound represented by Formula I:

wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen or an alkyl group;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently hydrogen or an alkyl group or;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> and the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cycloalkyl ring, or;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together form a saturated (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> heterocycle;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, halogen, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently hydrogen, halogen, cyano, an alkylthio, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;

 $R^8$  and  $R^9$  are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group, an alkoxy, =0,  $NR^{10}R^{11}$ ,  $OC(=0)NR^{1}R^{2}$ ,  $OC(=0)C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or an alkylthiol;

R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group, C(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C(=O)OC<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or C(=O)NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 5 or 6-membered heterocyclic ring, which optionally or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 6-membered heterocyclic ring that includes an additional heteroatom selected from N, O, or S when a 6-membered ring;

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A is  $(CH_2)_n$ , C=O, or CHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

B is either a single or a double bond, wherein when B is a double bond, R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are selected from hydrogen, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;

m = 2-4:

n = 0-2;

X and Y are either N or C, wherein X and Y are different; and the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond, and

wherein when X = C and  $A = (CH_2)n$  where n = 0, then at least one of  $R^8$  or  $R^9$  is a substituted alkyl, OC(=0)NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, OC(=0)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, an alkylthiol, or NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup> wherein at least one of R<sup>10</sup> or R<sup>11</sup> is a substituted alkyl group, C(=0)OC<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or C(=0)NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or wherein R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 5 or 6-membered heterocyclic ring, or wherein R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 6-membered heterocyclic ring that includes an additional heteroatom selected from N, O, or S.

The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> form a saturated Claim 2 (original): (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> heterocycle.

The compound of claim 1, wherein said R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> together form a Claim 3 (original): cyclopropyl ring.

Claim 4 (currently amended): The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently chosen from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together form a saturated (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> heterocycle;

R<sup>5</sup> is chosen from hydrogen, halogen, or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

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R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylthio, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl substituted by halogen;

R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, or NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>;

R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 5 or 6-membered heterocyclic ring, which optionally or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 6-membered heterocyclic ring that includes an additional heteroatom selected from N, O, or S when a 6-membered ring;

A is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> or CHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

B is either a single or double bond, wherein when B is a double bond, R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl substituted by halogen, hydroxy, or NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>;

m = 3-4;

n = 1-2; and

X and Y are either N or C, wherein X and Y cannot be the same; and the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 5 (currently amended): The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently chosen from hydrogen or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together are (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub> to form pyrrolidine;

R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen;

R<sup>5</sup> is chosen from hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, halogen, or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with hydroxyl or NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>;

R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 5 or 6-membered heterocyclic ring, which optionally or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 6-membered heterocyclic ring that includes an additional heteroatom selected from N, O, or S when a 6-membered ring;

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A is  $(CH_2)_n$ ;

B is a single bond;

n = 1;

X is C and Y is N; and

the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 6 (original): The compound of claim 1, wherein said compound is:

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

(R)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

(S)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3-methyl-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-(S)-1-Pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-5-fluoro-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

(R)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ylamine;

[1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-yl]-dimethylamine;

[1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-yl]-methanol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazole-8,9-diol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-9-methoxy-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol;

1-(Pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3-methyl-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol; or combinations thereof.

Claim 7 (original): The compound of claim 1, wherein said X is N.

Claim 8 (original): The compound of claim 1, wherein said X is C.

Claim 9 (currently amended): A method of controlling normal or elevated intraocular pressure comprising administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of a composition comprising at least one compound of claim 1 represented by the following formula:

wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen or an alkyl group;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently hydrogen or an alkyl group or;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> and the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cycloalkyl ring, or;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together form a saturated (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> heterocycle;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, halogen, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently hydrogen, halogen, cyano, an alkylthio, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;

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R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group, an alkoxy. =O, NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, OC(=O)NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, OC(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or an alkylthiol;

R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group, C(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C(=0)OC<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or C(=0)NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 5 or 6membered heterocyclic ring or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 6-membered heterocyclic ring that includes an additional heteroatom selected from N, O, or S;

A is  $(CH_2)_n$ , C=0, or  $CHC_1$ -alkyl;

B is either a single or a double bond, wherein when B is a double bond, R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are selected from hydrogen, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;

m = 2-4;

n = 0-2;

X and Y are either N or C, wherein X and Y are different; and the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 10 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> form a saturated (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> heterocycle.

Claim 11 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein said R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> together form a cyclopropyl ring.

The method of claim 9, wherein R1 and R2 are Claim 12 (currently amended): independently chosen from hydrogen or C1-4alkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together form a saturated (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> heterocycle;

R<sup>5</sup> is chosen from hydrogen, halogen, or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

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R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylthio, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl substituted by halogen;

 $R^8$  and  $R^9$  are chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkoxy,  $NR^{10}R^{11}$ , or  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, or  $NR^{10}R^{11}$ ;

R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C(=0)C<sub>1.4</sub>alkyl or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together ean complete a saturated 5 or 6-membered heterocyclic ring, which ean include or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 6-membered heterocyclic ring that includes an additional heteroatom selected from N, O, or S when a 6-membered ring;

A is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> or CHC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

B is either a single or double bond, wherein when B is a double bond,  $R^8$  and  $R^9$  are selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl substituted by halogen, hydroxy, or  $NR^{10}R^{11}$ ;

m = 3-4;

n = 1-2; and

X and Y are either N or C, wherein X and Y cannot be the same; and the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 13 (currently amended): The method of claim 9, wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently chosen from hydrogen or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

 $R^3$  is  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl, or  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  together are  $(CH_2)_3$  to form pyrrolidine;

R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen;

 $R^5$  is chosen from hydrogen or  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl;

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, halogen, or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

 $R^8$  and  $R^9$  are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy,  $NR^{10}R^{11}$ , or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl substituted with hydroxyl or  $NR^{10}R^{11}$ ;

R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 5 or 6-membered heterocyclic ring, which optionally or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 6-membered heterocyclic ring that includes an additional heteroatom selected from N, O, or S when a 6-membered ring;

A is  $(CH_2)_n$ ;

B is a single bond;

n = 1;

X is C and Y is N; and

the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 14 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein said compound is:

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

(R)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

(S)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

 $1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3-methyl-1, 7, 8, 9-tetra hydro-pyrano \cite{Constraints} and \cite$ 

 $1\hbox{-}(S)\hbox{-}1\hbox{-}Pyrrolidin\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}ylmethyl\hbox{-}1,7,8,9\hbox{-}tetrahydro\hbox{-}pyrano[2,3\hbox{-}g]indazol\hbox{-}8\hbox{-}ol;$ 

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-5-fluoro-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g] indazol-8-ol;

(R)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ylamine;

[1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-yl]-dimethylamine;

 $\hbox{$[1$-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano} \ [2,3$-g] indazol-8-yl]-methanol;$ 

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazole-8,9-diol;

 $1\hbox{-}((S)\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}Aminopropyl)\hbox{-}9\hbox{-}methoxy\hbox{-}1,7,8,9\hbox{-}tetrahydro\hbox{-}pyrano[2,3\hbox{-}g]indazol\hbox{-}8\hbox{-}ol;$ 

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol;

1-(Pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3-methyl-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol; or combinations thereof.

Claim 15 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein said X is N.

Claim 16 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein said X is C.

Claim 17 (original): A method for the treatment of glaucoma comprising administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of a composition comprising at least one compound of claim 1 represented by the following formula:

wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen or an alkyl group;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently hydrogen or an alkyl group or;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> and the carbon atom to which they are attached form a cycloalkyl ring, or;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together form a saturated (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> heterocycle;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, halogen, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently hydrogen, halogen, cyano, an alkylthio, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;

R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group, an alkoxy, =O, NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, OC(=O)NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, OC(=O)C<sub>1</sub>-4alkyl, or an alkylthiol;

R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group, C(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C(=O)OC<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or C(=O)NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 5 or 6-membered heterocyclic ring or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 6-membered heterocyclic ring that includes an additional heteroatom selected from N, O, or S;

A is  $(CH_2)_n$ , C=O, or  $CHC_1$ \_alkyl;

B is either a single or a double bond, wherein when B is a double bond, R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are selected from hydrogen, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;

m = 2-4;

n = 0-2;

X and Y are either N or C, wherein X and Y are different; and the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 18 (currently amended): The method of claim 17, wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently chosen from hydrogen or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together form a saturated (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> heterocycle;

R<sup>5</sup> is chosen from hydrogen, halogen, or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylthio, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl substituted by halogen;

R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>, or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, or NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>;

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R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together ean complete a saturated 5 or 6-membered heterocyclic ring, which can include or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 6-membered heterocyclic ring that includes an additional heteroatom selected from N, O, or S when a 6-membered ring;

A is  $(CH_2)_n$  or  $CHC_{1-4}$ alkyl;

B is either a single or double bond, wherein when B is a double bond, R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl substituted by halogen, hydroxy, or NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>;

m = 3-4;

n = 1-2; and

X and Y are either N or C, wherein X and Y cannot be the same; and the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 19 (currently amended): The method of claim 17, wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently chosen from hydrogen or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together are (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub> to form pyrrolidine;

R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen;

R<sup>5</sup> is chosen from hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, halogen, or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

 $R^8$  and  $R^9$  are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy,  $NR^{10}R^{11}$ , or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl substituted with hydroxyl or  $NR^{10}R^{11}$ ;

R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently chosen from hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 5 or 6-membered heterocyclic ring, which optionally or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> together complete a saturated 6-membered heterocyclic ring that includes an additional heteroatom selected from N, O, or S when a 6-membered ring;

A is  $(CH_2)_n$ ;

B is a single bond;

n = 1;

X is C and Y is N; and

the dashed bonds denote a suitably appointed single and double bond.

Claim 20 (original): The method of claim 17, wherein said compound is:

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

(R)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

(S)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3-methyl-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-(S)-1-Pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-5-fluoro-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

(R)-1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ylamine;

[1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-yl]-dimethylamine;

[1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-yl]-methanol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazole-8,9-diol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-9-methoxy-1,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[2,3-g]indazol-8-ol;

1-(2-Aminopropyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol;

1-(Pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol;

1-((S)-2-Aminopropyl)-3-methyl-3,7,8,9-tetrahydro-pyrano[3,2-e]indazol-8-ol; or combinations thereof.

Claim 21 (original): A pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound of claim 1 and at least one carrier.

Claim 22 (previously presented): A method to activate or bind to serotonin receptors comprising administering an effective amount of at least one compound of claim 1 to a patient.

Claim 23 (new): The compound of claim 1, wherein X = C and  $A = (CH_2)_n$ , wherein n is 1 or 2.

Claim 24 (new): The compound of claim 1, wherein X = C and  $A = (CH_2)_n$  and n = 0 and  $R^8$  or  $R^9$  is a substituted alkyl group.

Claim 25 (new): The compound of claim 1, wherein X = C,  $A = (CH_2)_n$  and n = 0 and B is a single bond.